

Chapter 3

Combining Factors

Solutions to Problems

$$\begin{aligned} 3.1 \quad P &= 100,000(260)(P/A, 10\%, 8)(P/F, 10\%, 2) \\ &= 26,000,000(5.3349)(0.8264) \\ &= \$114.628 \text{ million} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.2 \quad P &= 50,000(56)(P/A, 8\%, 4)(P/F, 8\%, 1) \\ &= 2,800,000(3.3121)(0.9259) \\ &= \$8.587 \text{ million} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.3 \quad P &= 80(2000)(P/A, 18\%, 3) + 100(2500)(P/A, 18\%, 5)(P/F, 18\%, 3) \\ &= 160,000(2.1743) + 250,000(3.1272)(0.6086) \\ &= \$823,691 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.4 \quad P &= 100,000(P/A, 15\%, 3) + 200,000(P/A, 15\%, 2)(P/F, 15\%, 3) \\ &= 100,000(2.2832) + 200,000(1.6257)(0.6575) \\ &= \$442,100 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.5 \quad P &= 150,000 + 150,000(P/A, 10\%, 5) \\ &= 150,000 + 150,000(3.7908) \\ &= \$718,620 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.6 \quad P &= 3500(P/A, 10\%, 3) + 5000(P/A, 10\%, 7)(P/F, 10\%, 3) \\ &= 3500(2.4869) + 5000(4.8684)(0.7513) \\ &= \$26,992 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.7 \quad A &= [0.701(5.4)(P/A, 20\%, 2) + 0.701(6.1)(P/A, 20\%, 2)((P/F, 20\%, 2))](A/P, 20\%, 4) \\ &= [3.7854(1.5278) + 4.2761(1.5278)(0.6944)](0.38629) \\ &= \$3.986 \text{ billion} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.8 \quad A &= 4000 + 1000(F/A, 10\%, 4)(A/F, 10\%, 7) \\ &= 4000 + 1000(4.6410)(0.10541) \\ &= \$4489.21 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.9 \quad A &= 20,000(P/A, 8\%, 4)(A/F, 8\%, 14) \\ &= 20,000(3.3121)(0.04130) \\ &= \$2735.79 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.10 \quad A &= 8000(A/P, 10\%, 10) + 600 \\ &= 8000(0.16275) + 600 \\ &= \$1902 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.11 \quad A &= 20,000(F/P, 8\%, 1)(A/P, 8\%, 8) \\
&= 20,000(1.08)(0.17401) \\
&= \$3758.62
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.12 \quad A &= 10,000(F/A, 8\%, 26)(A/P, 8\%, 30) \\
&= 10,000(79.9544)(0.08883) \\
&= \$71,023
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.13 \quad A &= 15,000(F/A, 8\%, 9)(A/F, 8\%, 10) \\
&= 15,000(12.4876)(0.06903) \\
&= \$12,930
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.14 \quad A &= 80,000(A/P, 10\%, 5) + 80,000 \\
&= 80,000(0.26380) + 80,000 \\
&= \$101,104
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.15 \quad A &= 5000(A/P, 6\%, 5) + 1,000,000(0.15)(0.75) \\
&= 5000(0.2374) + 112,500 \\
&= \$113,687
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.16 \quad A &= [20,000(F/A, 8\%, 11) + 8000(F/A, 8\%, 7)](A/F, 8\%, 10) \\
&= [20,000(16.6455) + 8000(8.9228)](0.06903) \\
&= \$27,908
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.17 \quad A &= 600(A/P, 12\%, 5) + 4000(P/A, 12\%, 4)(A/P, 12\%, 5) \\
&= 600(0.27741) + 4000(3.0373)(0.27741) \\
&= \$3536.76
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.18 \quad F &= 10,000(F/A, 15\%, 21) \\
&= 10,000(118.8101) \\
&= \$1,188,101
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.19 \quad 100,000 &= A(F/A, 7\%, 5)(F/P, 7\%, 10) \\
100,000 &= A(5.7507)(1.9672) \\
A &= \$8839.56
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.20 \quad F &= 9000(F/P, 8\%, 11) + 600(F/A, 8\%, 11) + 100(F/A, 8\%, 5) \\
&= 9000(2.3316) + 600(16.6455) + 100(5.8666) \\
&= \$31,558
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.21 \quad \text{Worth in year 5} &= -9000(F/P, 12\%, 5) + 3000(P/A, 12\%, 9) \\
&= -9000(1.7623) + 3000(5.3282) \\
&= \$123.90
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.22 \text{ Amt, year 5} &= 1000(F/A, 12\%, 4)(F/P, 12\%, 2) + 2000(P/A, 12\%, 7)(P/F, 12\%, 1) \\
&= 1000(4.7793)(1.2544) + 2000(4.5638)(0.8929) \\
&= \$14,145
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.23 \text{ A} &= [10,000(F/P, 12\%, 3) + 25,000](A/P, 12\%, 7) \\
&= [10,000(1.4049) + 25,000](0.21912) \\
&= \$8556.42
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.24 \text{ Cost of the ranch is } P &= 500(3000) = \$1,500,000. \\
1,500,000 &= x + 2x(P/F, 8\%, 3) \\
1,500,000 &= x + 2x(0.7938) \\
x &= \$579,688
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.25 \text{ Move unknown deposits to year } -1, \text{ amortize using } A/P, \text{ and set equal to } \$10,000. \\
x(F/A, 10\%, 2)(F/P, 10\%, 19)(A/P, 10\%, 15) &= 10,000 \\
x(2.1000)(6.1159)(0.13147) &= 10,000 \\
x &= \$5922.34
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.26 \text{ } 350,000(P/F, 15\%, 3) &= 20,000(F/A, 15\%, 5) + x \\
350,000(0.6575) &= 20,000(6.7424) + x \\
x &= \$95,277
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.27 \text{ Move all cash flows to year 9.} \\
0 &= -800(F/A, 14\%, 2)(F/P, 14\%, 8) + 700(F/P, 14\%, 7) + 700(F/P, 14\%, 4) \\
&\quad -950(F/A, 14\%, 2)(F/P, 14\%, 1) + x - 800(P/A, 14\%, 3) \\
0 &= -800(2.14)2.8526 + 700(2.5023) + 700(1.6890) \\
&\quad -950(2.14)(1.14) + x - 800(2.3216) \\
x &= \$6124.64
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.28 \text{ Find } P \text{ at } t = 0 \text{ and then convert to } A. \\
P &= 5000 + 5000(P/A, 12\%, 3) + 3000(P/A, 12\%, 3)(P/F, 12\%, 3) \\
&\quad + 1000(P/A, 12\%, 2)(P/F, 12\%, 6) \\
&= 5000 + 5000(2.4018) + 3000(2.4018)(0.7118) \\
&\quad + 1000(1.6901)(0.5066) \\
&= \$22,994
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A &= 22,994(A/P, 12\%, 8) \\
&= 22,994(0.20130) \\
&= \$4628.69
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.29 \text{ } F &= 2500(F/A, 12\%, 8)(F/P, 12\%, 1) - 1000(F/A, 12\%, 3)(F/P, 12\%, 2) \\
&= 2500(12.2997)(1.12) - 1000(3.3744)(1.2544) \\
&= \$30,206
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.30 \quad 15,000 &= 2000 + 2000(P/A, 15\%, 3) + 1000(P/A, 15\%, 3)(P/F, 15\%, 3) + x(P/F, 15\%, 7) \\
 15,000 &= 2000 + 2000(2.2832) + 1000(2.2832)(0.6575) + x(0.3759) \\
 x &= \$18,442
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.31 \quad \text{Amt, year 3} &= 900(F/A, 16\%, 4) + 3000(P/A, 16\%, 2) - 1500(P/F, 16\%, 3) \\
 &\quad + 500(P/A, 16\%, 2)(P/F, 16\%, 3) \\
 &= 900(5.0665) + 3000(1.6052) - 1500(0.6407) \\
 &\quad + 500(1.6052)(0.6407) \\
 &= \$8928.63
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.32 \quad A &= 5000(A/P, 12\%, 7) + 3500 + 1500(F/A, 12\%, 4)(A/F, 12\%, 7) \\
 &= 5000(0.21912) + 3500 + 1500(4.7793)(0.09912) \\
 &= \$5306.19
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.33 \quad 20,000 &= 2000(F/A, 15\%, 2)(F/P, 15\%, 7) + x(F/A, 15\%, 7) + 1000(P/A, 15\%, 3) \\
 20,000 &= 2000(2.1500)(2.6600) + x(11.0668) + 1000(2.2832) \\
 x &= \$567.35
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.34 \quad P &= [4,100,000(P/A, 6\%, 22) - 50,000(P/G, 6\%, 22)](P/F, 6\%, 3) \\
 &\quad + 4,100,000(P/A, 6\%, 3) \\
 &= [4,100,000(12.0416) - 50,000(98.9412)](0.8396) \\
 &\quad + 4,100,000(2.6730) \\
 &= \$48,257,271
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.35 \quad P &= [2,800,000(P/A, 12\%, 7) + 100,000(P/G, 12\%, 7) + 2,800,000](P/F, 12\%, 1) \\
 &= [2,800,000(4.5638) + 100,000(11.6443) + 2,800,000](0.8929) \\
 &= \$14,949,887
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.36 \quad P \text{ for maintenance} &= [11,500(F/A, 10\%, 2) + 11,500(P/A, 10\%, 8) \\
 &\quad + 1000(P/G, 10\%, 8)](P/F, 10\%, 2) \\
 &= [11,500(2.10) + 11,500(5.3349) + 1000(16.0287)](0.8264) \\
 &= \$83,904 \\
 P \text{ for accidents} &= 250,000(P/A, 10\%, 10) \\
 &= 250,000(6.1446) \\
 &= \$1,536,150 \\
 \text{Total savings} &= 83,904 + 1,536,150 \\
 &= \$1,620,054
 \end{aligned}$$

Build overpass

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.37 \quad \text{Find } P \text{ at } t = 0, \text{ then convert to } A. \\
 P &= [22,000(P/A, 12\%, 4) + 1000(P/G, 12\%, 4) + 22,000](P/F, 12\%, 1) \\
 &= [22,000(3.0373) + 1000(4.1273) + 22,000](0.8929) \\
 &= \$82,993
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A &= 82,993(A/P, 12\%, 5) \\
&= 82,993(0.27741) \\
&= \$23,023
\end{aligned}$$

3.38 First find P and then convert to F.

$$\begin{aligned}
P &= -10,000 + [4000 + 3000(P/A, 10\%, 6) + 1000(P/G, 10\%, 6) \\
&\quad - 7000(P/F, 10\%, 4)](P/F, 10\%, 1) \\
&= -10,000 + [4000 + 3000(4.3553) + 1000(9.6842) \\
&\quad - 7000(0.6830)](0.9091) \\
&= \$9972 \\
F &= 9972(F/P, 10\%, 7) \\
&= 9972(1.9487) \\
&= \$19,432
\end{aligned}$$

3.39 Find P in year 0 and then convert to A.

$$\begin{aligned}
P &= 4000 + 4000(P/A, 15\%, 3) - 1000(P/G, 15\%, 3) + [(6000(P/A, 15\%, 4) \\
&\quad + 2000(P/G, 15\%, 4)](P/F, 15\%, 3) \\
&= 4000 + 4000(2.2832) - 1000(2.0712) + [(6000(2.8550) \\
&\quad + 2000(3.7864)](0.6575) \\
&= \$27,303.69
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A &= 27,303.69(A/P, 15\%, 7) \\
&= 27,303.69(0.24036) \\
&= \$6563
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.40 \quad 40,000 &= x(P/A, 10\%, 2) + (x + 2000)(P/A, 10\%, 3)(P/F, 10\%, 2) \\
40,000 &= x(1.7355) + (x + 2000)(2.4869)(0.8264) \\
3.79067x &= 35,889.65 \\
x &= \$9467.89 \quad (\text{size of first two payments})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
3.41 \quad 11,000 &= 200 + 300(P/A, 12\%, 9) + 100(P/G, 12\%, 9) - 500(P/F, 12\%, 3) \\
&\quad + x(P/F, 12\%, 3) \\
11,000 &= 200 + 300(5.3282) + 100(17.3563) - 500(0.7118) + x(0.7118) \\
x &= \$10,989
\end{aligned}$$

3.42 (a) In billions

$$\begin{aligned}
P \text{ in yr 1} &= -13(2.73) + 5.3\{[1 - (1 + 0.09)^{10} / (1 + 0.15)^{10}] / (0.15 - 0.09)\} \\
&= -35.49 + 5.3(6.914) \\
&= \$1.1542 \text{ billion} \\
P \text{ in yr 0} &= 1.1542(P/F, 15\%, 1) \\
&= 1.1542(0.8696) \\
&= \$1.004 \text{ billion}
\end{aligned}$$

3.43 Find P in year -1; then find A in years 0-5.

$$\begin{aligned} P_g \text{ in yr } 2 &= (5)(4000)\{[1 - (1 + 0.08)^{18}/(1 + 0.10)^{18}]/(0.10 - 0.08)\} \\ &= 20,000(14.0640) \\ &= \$281,280 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P \text{ in yr } -1 &= 281,280(P/F, 10\%, 3) + 20,000(P/A, 10\%, 3) \\ &= 281,280(0.7513) + 20,000(2.4869) \\ &= \$261,064 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 261,064(A/P, 10\%, 6) \\ &= 261,064(0.22961) \\ &= \$59,943 \end{aligned}$$

3.44 Find P in year -1 and then move forward 1 year

$$\begin{aligned} P_{-1} &= 20,000\{[1 - (1 + 0.05)^{11}/(1 + 0.14)^{11}]/(0.14 - 0.05)\} \\ &= 20,000(6.6145) \\ &= \$132,290 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 132,290(F/P, 14\%, 1) \\ &= 132,290(1.14) \\ &= \$150,811 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.45 \quad P &= 29,000 + 13,000(P/A, 10\%, 3) + 13,000[7/(1 + 0.10)](P/F, 10\%, 3) \\ &= 29,000 + 13,000(2.4869) + 82,727(0.7513) \\ &= \$123,483 \end{aligned}$$

3.46 Find P in year -1 and then move to year 0.

$$\begin{aligned} P \text{ (yr } -1) &= 15,000\{[1 - (1 + 0.10)^5/(1 + 0.16)^5]/(0.16 - 0.10)\} \\ &= 15,000(3.8869) \\ &= \$58,304 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 58,304(F/P, 16\%, 1) \\ &= 58,304(1.16) \\ &= \$67,632 \end{aligned}$$

3.47 Find P in year -1 and then move to year 5.

$$\begin{aligned} P \text{ (yr } -1) &= 210,000[6/(1 + 0.08)] \\ &= 210,000(0.92593) \\ &= \$1,166,667 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= 1,166,667(F/P, 8\%, 6) \\ &= 1,166,667(1.5869) \\ &= \$1,851,383 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.48 \quad P &= [2000(P/A, 12\%, 6) - 200(P/G, 12\%, 6)](F/P, 12\%, 1) \\
 &= [2000(4.1114) - 200(8.9302)](1.12) \\
 &= \$7209.17
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.49 \quad P &= 5000 + 1000(P/A, 12\%, 4) + [1000(P/A, 12\%, 7) - 100(P/G, 12\%, 7)](P/F, 12\%, 4) \\
 &= 5000 + 1000(3.0373) + [1000(4.5638) - 100(11.6443)](0.6355) \\
 &= \$10,198
 \end{aligned}$$

3.50 Find P in year 0 and then convert to A.

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= 2000 + 2000(P/A, 10\%, 4) + [2500(P/A, 10\%, 6) - 100(P/G, 10\%, 6)](P/F, 10\%, 4) \\
 &= 2000 + 2000(3.1699) + [2500(4.3553) - 100(9.6842)](0.6830) \\
 &= \$15,115
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 15,115(A/P, 10\%, 10) \\
 &= 15,115(0.16275) \\
 &= \$2459.97
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3.51 \quad 20,000 = 5000 + 4500(P/A, 8\%, n) - 500(P/G, 8\%, n)$$

Solve for n by trial and error:

Try n = 5: \$15,000 > \$14,281

Try n = 6: \$15,000 < \$15,541

By interpolation, n = 5.6 years

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.52 \quad P &= 2000 + 1800(P/A, 15\%, 5) - 200(P/G, 15\%, 5) \\
 &= 2000 + 1800(3.3522) - 200(5.7751) \\
 &= \$6878.94
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.53 \quad F &= [5000(P/A, 10\%, 6) - 200(P/G, 10\%, 6)](F/P, 10\%, 6) \\
 &= [5000(4.3553) - 200(9.6842)](1.7716) \\
 &= \$35,148
 \end{aligned}$$

FE Review Solutions

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.54 \quad x &= 4000(P/A, 10\%, 5)(P/F, 10\%, 1) \\
 &= 4000(3.7908)(0.9091) \\
 &= \$13,785 \\
 &\text{Answer is (d)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.55 \quad P &= 7 + 7(P/A, 4\%, 25) \\
 &= \$116.3547 \text{ million} \\
 &\text{Answer is (c)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3.56 \quad \text{Answer is (d)}$$

$$3.57 \quad \text{Size of first deposit} = 1250/(1 + 0.05)^3 \\ = \$1079.80$$

Answer is (d)

$$3.58 \quad \text{Balance} = 10,000(F/P, 10\%, 2) - 3000(F/A, 10\%, 2) \\ = 10,000(1.21) - 3000(2.10) \\ = \$5800$$

Answer is (b)

$$3.59 \quad 1000 = A(F/A, 10\%, 5)(A/P, 10\%, 20) \\ 1000 = A(6.1051)(0.11746) \\ A = \$1394.50$$

Answer is (a)

3.60 First find P and then convert to A.

$$P = 1000(P/A, 10\%, 5) + 2000(P/A, 10\%, 5)(P/F, 10\%, 5) \\ = 1000(3.7908) + 2000(3.7908)(0.6209) \\ = \$8498.22$$

$$A = 8498.22(A/P, 10\%, 10) \\ = 8498.22(0.16275) \\ = \$1383.08$$

Answer is (c)

$$3.61 \quad 100,000 = A(F/A, 10\%, 4)(F/P, 10\%, 1) \\ 100,000 = A(4.6410)(1.10) \\ A = \$19,588$$

Answer is (a)

$$3.62 \quad F = [1000 + 1500(P/A, 10\%, 10) + 500(P/G, 10\%, 10)](F/P, 10\%, 10) \\ = [1000 + 1500(6.1446) + 500(22.8913)](2.5937) \\ = \$56,186$$

Answer is (d)

$$3.63 \quad F = 5000(F/P, 10\%, 10) + 7000(F/P, 10\%, 8) + 2000(F/A, 10\%, 5) \\ = 5000(2.5937) + 7000(2.1438) + 2000(6.1051) \\ = \$40,185$$

Answer is (b)

Extended Exercise Solution

Solution by Hand

Cash flows for purchases at $g = -25\%$ start in year 0 at \$4 million. Cash flows for parks development at $G = \$100,000$ start in year 4 at \$550,000. All cash flow signs in the solution are +.

| Year | Cash flow | |
|------|-------------|-----------|
| | Land | Parks |
| 0 | \$4,000,000 | |
| 1 | 3,000,000 | |
| 2 | 2,250,000 | |
| 3 | 1,678,000 | |
| 4 | 1,265.625 | \$550,000 |
| 5 | 949,219 | 650,000 |
| 6 | | 750,000 |

1. Find P for all project funds (in \$ million)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 4 + 3(P/F, 7\%, 1) + \dots + 0.750(P/F, 7\%, 6) \\ &= 13.1716 \quad (\$13,171,600) \end{aligned}$$

Amount to raise in years 1 and 2:

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (13.1716 - 3.0)(A/P, 7\%, 2) \\ &= (10.1716)(0.55309) \\ &= 5.6258 \quad (\$5,625,800 \text{ per year}) \end{aligned}$$

2. Find remaining project fund needs in year 3, then find the A for the next 3 years (years 4, 5, and 6):

$$\begin{aligned} F_3 &= (13.1716 - 3.0)(F/P, 7\%, 3) \\ &= (10.1716)(1.2250) \\ &= 12.46019 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 12.46019(A/P, 7\%, 3) \\ &= 12.46019(0.38105) \\ &= 4.748 \quad (\$4,748,000 \text{ per year}) \end{aligned}$$

Extended Exercise Solution

Solution by computer

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "C3 ext exer soln". The spreadsheet contains the following data:

| Year | Land purchases | Parks development |
|------|----------------|-------------------|
| 0 | \$ 4,000,000 | \$ - |
| 1 | \$ 3,000,000 | \$ - |
| 2 | \$ 2,250,000 | \$ - |
| 3 | \$ 1,687,500 | \$ - |
| 4 | \$ 1,265,625 | \$ 550,000 |
| 5 | \$ 949,219 | \$ 650,000 |
| 6 | \$ - | \$ 750,000 |

Summary values:

| P for purchases | P for parks | Total present worth |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|
| \$ 11,788,797 | \$ 1,382,790 | \$ 13,171,587 |

Additional calculations:

| Calculation | Value |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| 1) To raise: Yrs. 1 and 2 = | \$5,625,821 |
| 2) To raise: Yrs. 4, 5 and 6 = | \$4,748,145 |